

DSM in Electronics

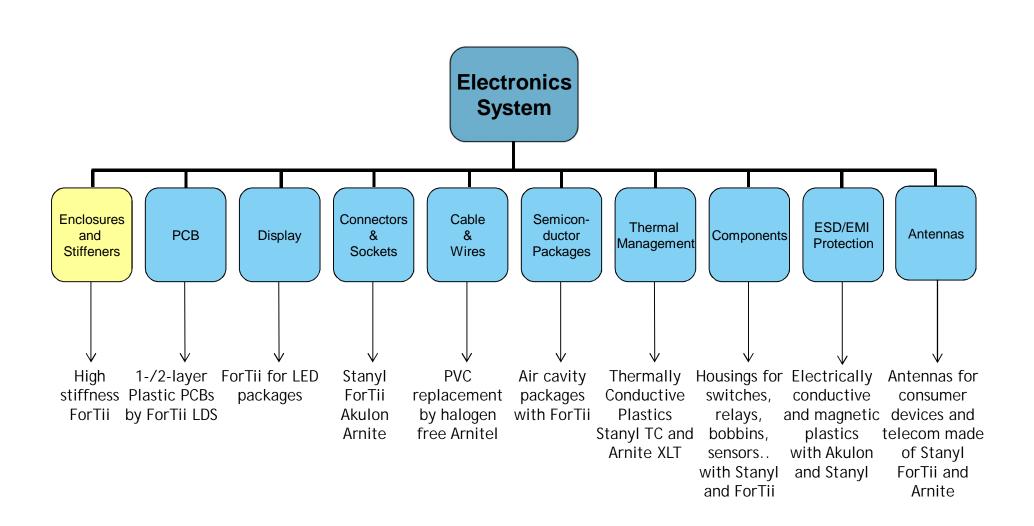
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DSM Application Coverage





Stanyl ForTii in Enclosures/Stiffeners

Trend

- Continued move towards mobility
- ThInnovation
- Growing focus on sustainability

Impact

- Reduction of wall thickness
- PC/ABS limited in flammability and stiffness @ thin walls
- Disruptive housings technologies (PAs, AI, Mg alloys,...)
- (New) recycling concepts







Material needs

- High stiffness (>17GPAs) materials @ good surface quality
- Impact resistance (e.a.b. >1.7%)
- Slow crystallizing plastics
- Halogen free UL94-V0 @ 0.8mm
- Low shrinkage, Good flow
- Good color ability of housing materials
- Nice surface appearance
- Low moisture absorption (RF transmission!)

Application/Processing needs

- High stiffness and impact
- Excellent coplanarity
- Good material processability especially with hot runner systems
- High esthetics of of housing materials



Thin, Thinner, Thinnest

Structural components need high stiffness plastics or metals





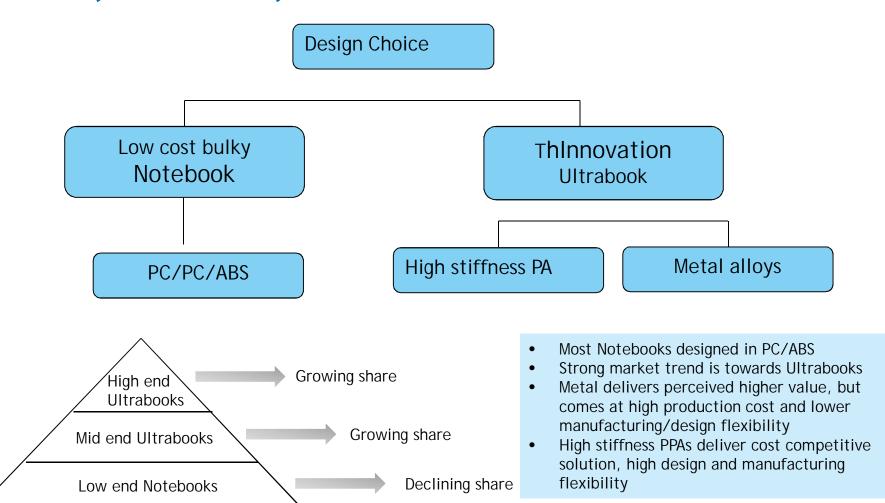








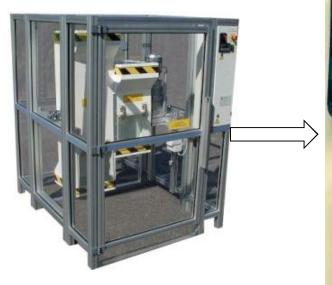
Thin, Thinner, Thinnest

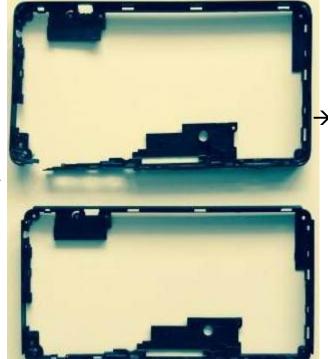




Ultrathin design with high reliability







Typical PC or PC/ABS

Cycles passed: 175

>175tumbles frame cracks

DSM Stanyl ForTii XS81

Cycles passed: 300

ForTii outperforms PC in stiffness and flexural strength: Stanyl ForTii is superior in tumble tests leading to higher end-product reliability





Functional integration

Traditional FPC Antenna

LDS or Ag plated Antenna











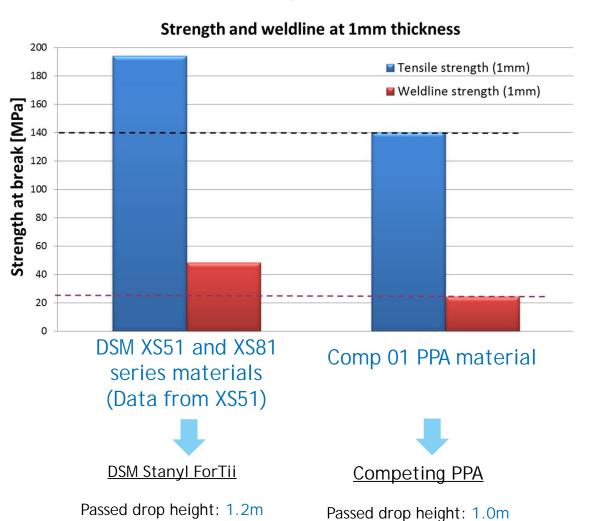






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Weldline strength



Drop Test



>1.0m frame cracks



Stanyl ForTii commercial at various OEMs

High stiffness Stanyl ForTii is being used by various OEMs in Consumer Electronics as replacement of Polycarbonate and outperforms alternative PPAs

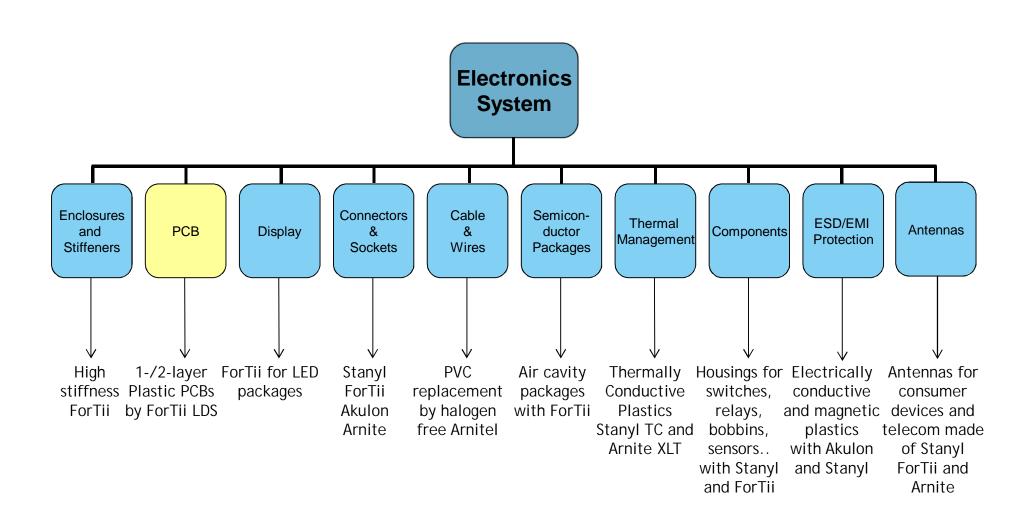


Google Tango





DSM Application Coverage





DSM 3D-MID LDS solution

Trend

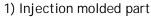
- Continued move towards integration
- Growing content of electronics
- Demand for design flexibility



Impact

- Integration of electronics in Housings and PCBs
- Easy functions such as electrical traces, interconnects, antennas integrated in plastics











Material needs

- Lead free reflow solder ability
- Excellent plate ability
- Low warpage
- High mechanics
- Excellent application support
- Full portfolio available (UL94-V0, UL94-HB, impact modification)
- Halogen and red phosphorous free

Application/Processing needs

- High stiffness and impact
- Excellent coplanarity
- Good material processability especially in platability
- Application support in product design





DSM Lighting substrate solution Impact

• Based on steep improvements in cost and efficiency, the overall operating cost of lighting in LED solutions is now outperforming traditional lighting technologies in several applications

 This results in an accelerated growth of LEDs in especially the professional segment

 Players in the diversified and fragmented luminaire market need robust LED solutions which can be easily implemented. Preferably without introducing complex new production technologies



Material needs

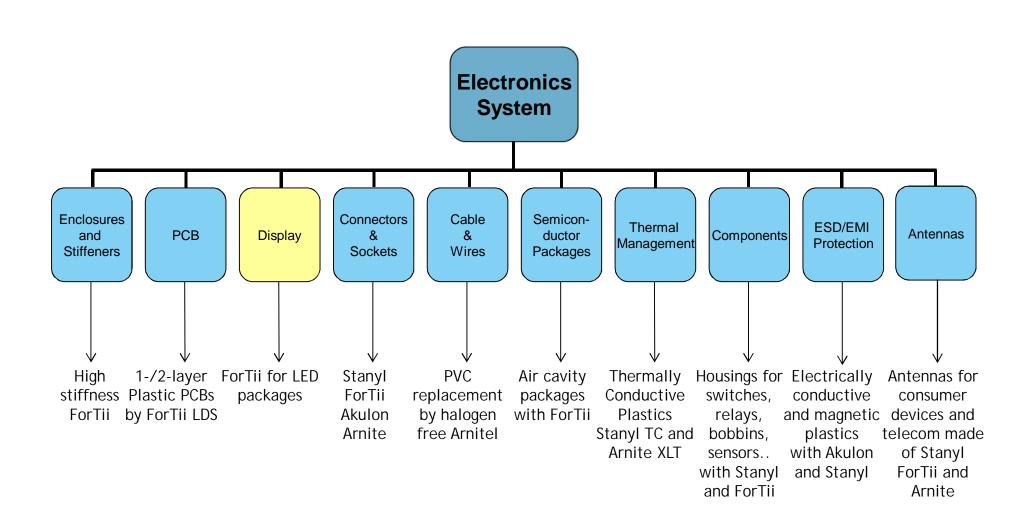
- Bright white color
- No discoloration in reflow soldering
- Excellent material flow to enable over moulding of thin parts
- UL V0 flammability at thin walls
- no halogenated flame retardants
- Excellent (weld line) strength
- Resistant to long term (thermal) aging (more than 50 000 h. lifetime)

Application/Processing needs

- LED suppliers are offering "plug & play" LED arrays which can be easily integrated in LED luminaires
- Those units need to secure the mechanical, optical, electrical and thermal interfaces of the LED package



DSM Application Coverage





Stanyl ForTii in LED packages

Trend

- Growing focus on sustainability and ThInnovation
- Continued move towards higher LED output
- Continued trend towards higher power

<u>Impact</u>

- Higher power density of LED package
- Higher light exposure of LED package (especially blue and UVA)







Material needs

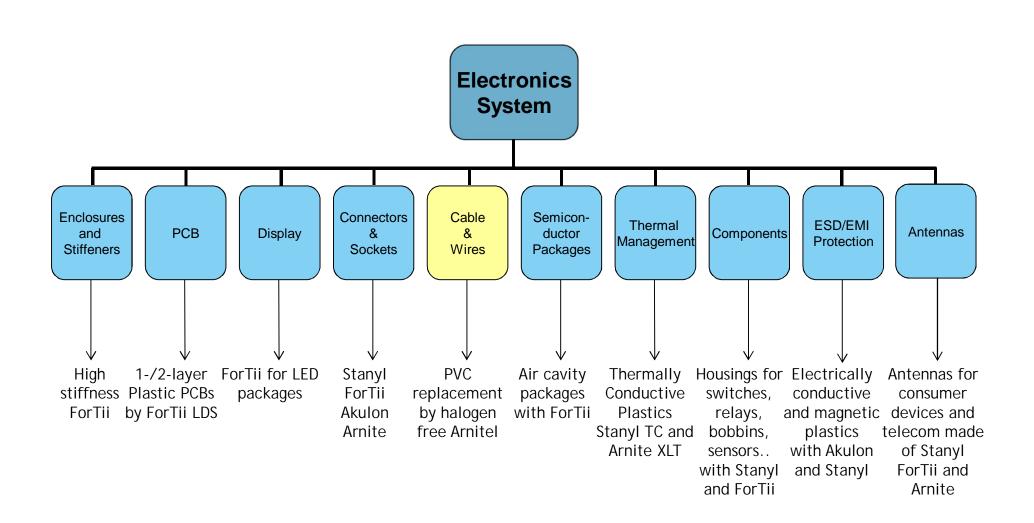
- High initial reflectivity (96-99%)
- Excellent whiteness retention in reliability resting
- Good adhesion to metals and encapsulation avoiding delamination
- High flow enables high cavity leadframe design and thin walls

Application/Processing needs

- Materials of higher initial whiteness
- Material with improved whiteness (>96%) retention under high temperatures over long time (>3000h)
- Material with improved resistance under strong light irradiation (blue and UVA)



DSM Application Coverage





DC Charger Cord and Signal Cable

Trend

- Replacing of PVC with cost competitive halogen-free TPE
- Touch and feel
- Bright colors
- Stain free
- Durability

Material needs

- UL62 VW-1
- Halogen free plastics
- Plastics with high extrusion line speed
- Great surface finish
- Tough and flexible
- Chemical Resistance, especially Sebum
- Fully color ability

Impact

- Increasing focus and regulation of hazardous materials
- Increased attention on cosmetics aspects of accessories
- Increased differentiation with colors



Application/Processing needs

- Good quality cables
- Cost competitive cables
- Ease and efficient extrusion process
- Robust performance and perfect look, touch and feel
- Color differentiation





Why Arnitel for Consumer Electronics

- Halogen-Free
- Excellent Chemical Resistance
- Stain Free
- Smell Neutral
- Excellent UV Resistance
- Can be Colored in any Colors
- Silky, good feel
- Magnetic Arnitel for noise cancellation

Arnitel XG applications

- AC-Power cords 110V/220V insulation
- AC-Power cords 110V/220V jacketing
- MPM cable 5-20V insulation
- MPM cable 5-20V jacketing
- USB cables
- Low voltage charger cables







Arnitel in high heat Applications

Arnitel U with CUT up to 150°C, Arnitel C with CUT up to 175°C













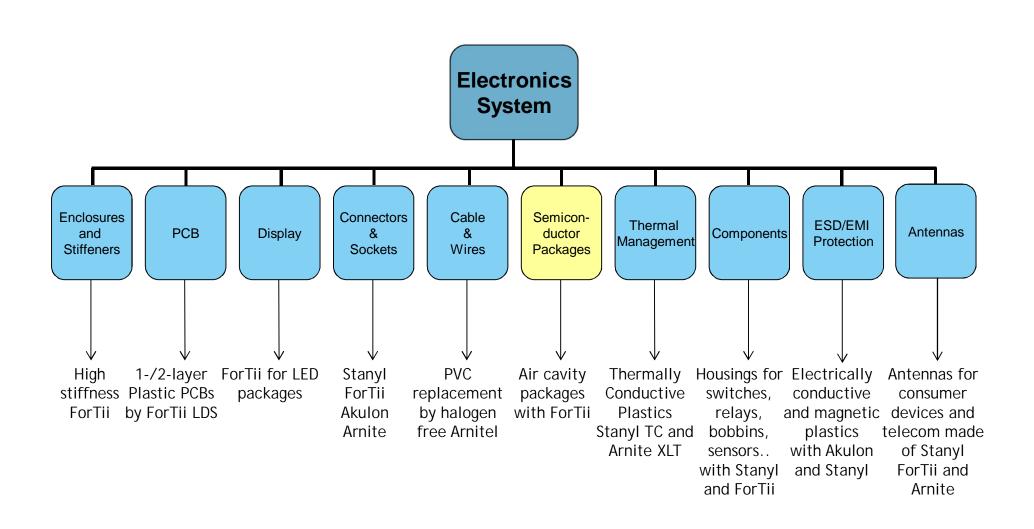


Why Arnitel for Automotive Industry

- Halogen-Free
- Excellent Chemical Resistance
- Excellent UV Resistance
- High Heat up to 175C with Peak Temp of 200C
- Low Voltage, <1000kV



DSM Application Coverage





Stanyl ForTii in Semiconductor Packages

Trend

- Increased sensoric in electronics
- Increased integration of mechanics and electrics
- Miniturization





Material needs

- Very low warpage due to high stiffness
- Excellent CTE match to PCBs
- Strong adhesion to metallic lead frame ensure good sealing without silicones
- Excellent block of light radiation
- UL94-V0, Entirely halogen and red phosphorous free

Impact

- Increased amount of sensors
- Increased move to reflow soldering
- Increased demand for air cavity packages

Proximity IR Sensor



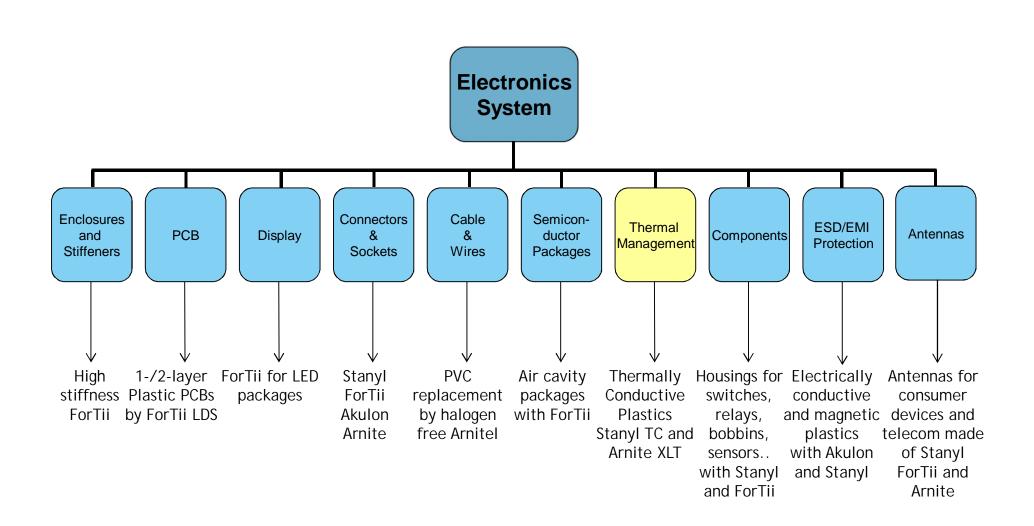


Application/Processing needs

- High reliability and easy process ability
- Green materials
- Black color, blocking of light to avoid IC activation
- Reflow capable housings
- Mechanically robust designs



DSM Application Coverage





Stanyl TC for LED heatsinks

Trend

- Based on steep improvements in cost and efficiency, the overall operating cost of lighting in LED solutions is now outperforming traditional lighting technologies in several applications
- This results in an accelerated growth of the LED industry

Impact

- The LED lamp and luminaire industry is converting towards a high volume, low cost one
- The requirements for LED thermal management are decreasing, which enables the use of materials with lower thermal conductivity



Material needs

- Good mechanical properties which enable integration of thermal and mechanical functionality
- Excellent flow to enable thin walls
- Good weld line strength to avoid cracks in overmoulded heatsinks
- UL certification with respect to flammability and thermal aging

Application/Processing needs

- Need for high volume production technologies such as injection moulding
- Integration of functionality of functions in the light unit designs
- Overmoulding of metal heat spreaders



Heat management is key

- The massive performance increase in Smartphone which is even outpacing the historic performance increase in PCs leads to heat management issues
- Current battery technology is pretty much at its limits unless breakthrough development. Size of mobile phones therefore is driven by larger battery which enable longer use times/additional features.
- Wireless charging spec Qi specifies 45°C as max.
 operation temperature for charging. Above 45°C wireless charging is shutting off.



Thermally conductive enclosure

- Stanyl TC molded successfully
- Stanyl TC also used on HuaWei 4G WiFi
- Latest Innovation: TC + LDS in one material allowing heat management as well as electrical trace and antenna integration





Stanyl TC surface quality after molding



Latest Innovations







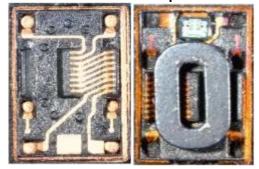
-LDS-Silver Printing-Magnetic Plastics





Some LDS customer applications

ESD/EMI component



Connectors





Mobile phone antenna



Coils



Notebook antenna



Optoelectronics system



Smartphone housing





EMI Shield

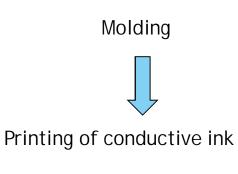




3D Silver Printing without plating bath











Sintering of conductive ink at elevated temperatures





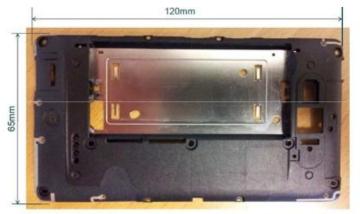
3D printing without plating bath

Key features

- Fully 3D, Via printing possible
- Environmentally friendly (no more plating operations)
- Cost efficient (10-40% cost down compared to LDS)
- Cover layer about 5 micron, leading to serious reduction in paint cost
- Further integration of functional components with structural supports possible
- No more investments in either plating or lasers
- No more seed metal or inter-diffusion layers needed like Cu and/or Ni



3D printed antenna with ForTii DSP82, Ag layer 4µm, no Cu/N



ForTii DSP82 samples structural support with integrated antenna

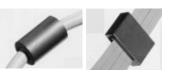


Inductors Drivers Drivers

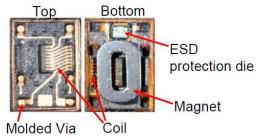
Plastic Magnetics



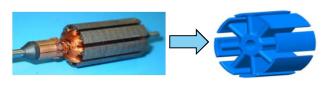




EMI shielding



E-motors



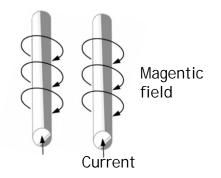
Wireless charging



Matching

Impendance

PCB<



Cross Talk reduction



Property profile of PBSMM at a glance

Magnetic Properties

• Permeability μ of 12 achieved (in polymer matrix)

Saturation magnetization 0.2-0.8 Tesla achieved

Electrical Conductive and Isolative Grades Available

Processing / Manufacture

Extrusion Possible
 Injection molding Possible
 LDS Possible

Impact on Inductors

Efficiency increase factor 4
 Effective magnetic shielding factor 2-3
 All plastic device feasible

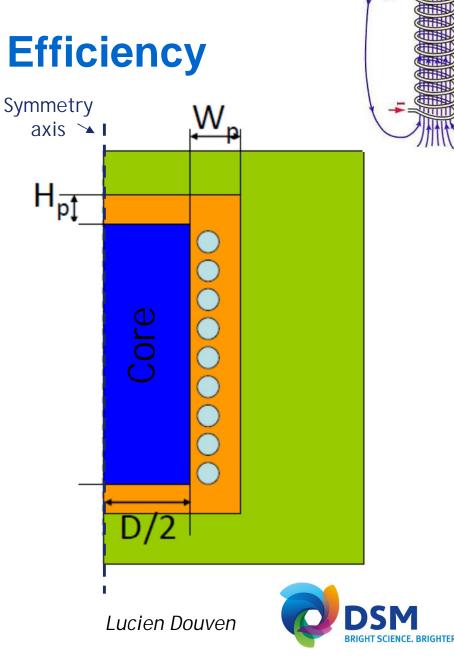


Modeling Inductor Efficiency

Simple FEM model:

- Rotational symmetry (core cylinder: I = 20 mm, D = 12 mm)
- Core permeability:
 - 4000 (iron core)
 - $\mu_{r,plastic}$ (plastic core)
- Parameters:

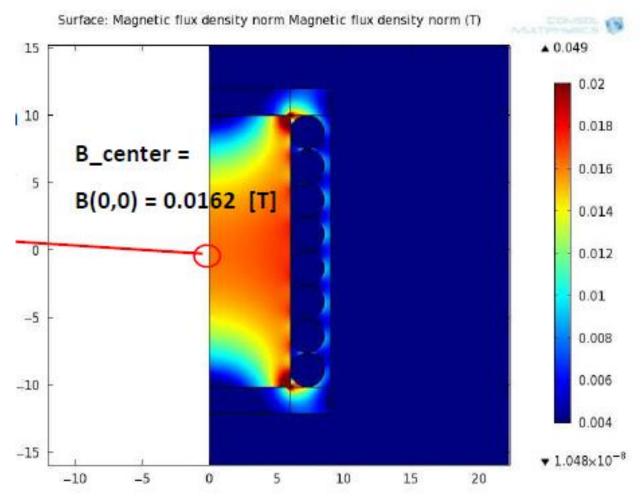
 $\begin{array}{lll} - \ W_p & = 0, \ 3, \ 4 \ mm \\ - \ H_p & = 0, \ 2, \ 4 \ mm \\ - \ \mu_{r,plastic} & = 1 - 4000 \end{array}$





Typical COMSOL Results

Used to asses device efficiency at fixed winding current



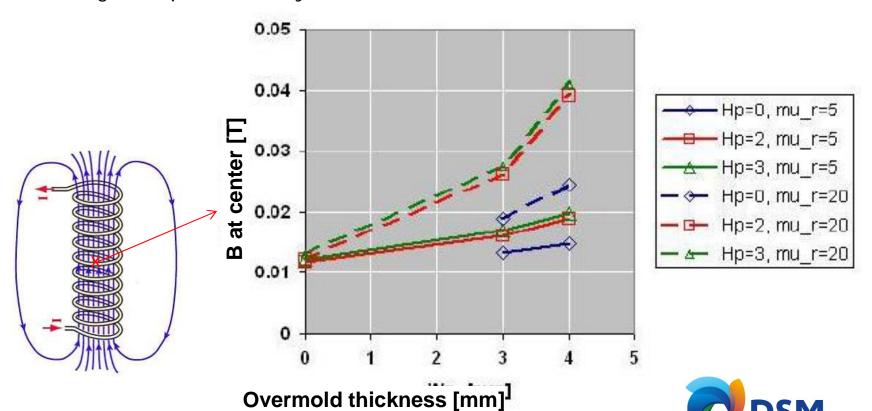




Overmolding by PBSMM to increase efficiency

Increasing B-field (up to factor ~4) with:

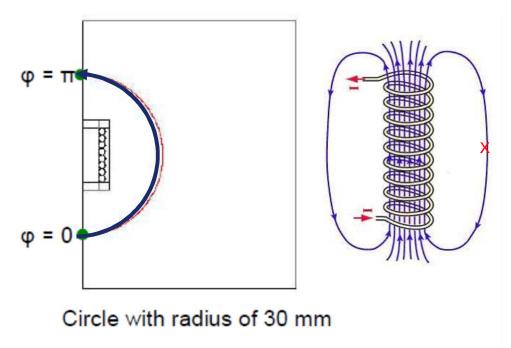
- Increasing overmold thickness of PBSMM
- Magnetic permeability of PBSMM



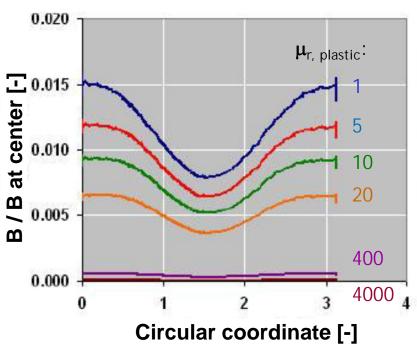


Overmolding by PBSMM to shield magnetic fields

Evaluate field along:



Shielding effect of factor 2-3 feasible for $\mu_r = 20$



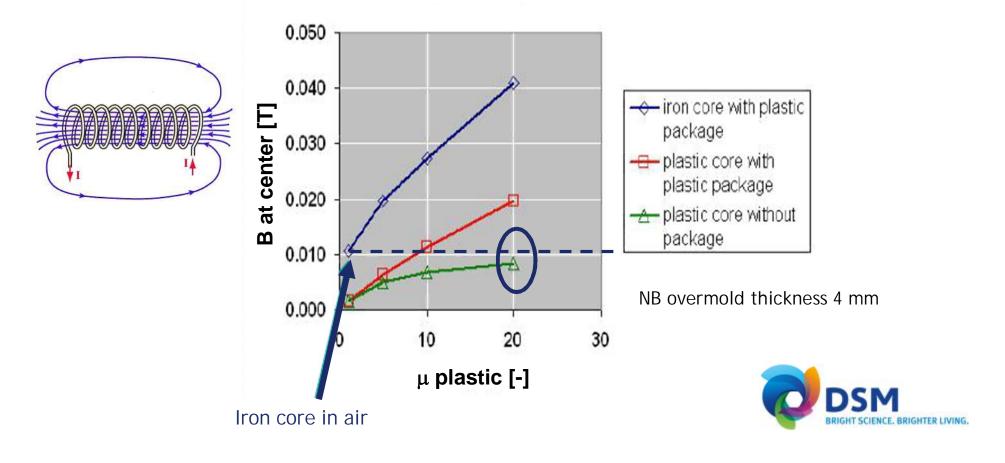




All Plastic Inductors are Feasible

For $\mu_r = 10 - 20$ simulations show:

- 1. All plastic inductor rivals iron-cored device without overmolding
- 2. Plastics core device shows decent performance even without overmolding!





PBSMM to improve wireless charging efficiency

